

(6.10) An experiment is done with  $^{60}\text{mCo}$  which emits 0.05860 MeV  $\gamma$ . The detector used is a NaI crystal. What photo peaks will be observed if the electron binding energies in sodium are K 1072 and L 63 eV, and in iodine K 33170 and L 4800 eV?

$$\text{eV} := 1.60217733 \cdot 10^{-19} \cdot \text{joule} \quad \text{keV} := 1000 \cdot \text{eV} \quad \text{MeV} := 1000 \cdot \text{keV}$$

$$E_\gamma := 0.05860 \cdot \text{MeV} \quad \text{This is the full } \gamma\text{-energy}$$

The observed lines correspond to the photo electron energies. Hence:

$$E_b := 1072 \cdot \text{eV} \quad E_e := E_\gamma - E_b \quad \text{Eqn.(6.23)} \quad E_e = 57.53 \cdot \text{keV} \quad \text{Na}_K$$

$$E_b := 63 \cdot \text{eV} \quad E_e := E_\gamma - E_b \quad E_e = 58.54 \cdot \text{keV} \quad \text{Na}_L$$

$$E_b := 33170 \cdot \text{eV} \quad E_e := E_\gamma - E_b \quad E_e = 25.43 \cdot \text{keV} \quad I_K$$

$$E_b := 4800 \cdot \text{eV} \quad E_e := E_\gamma - E_b \quad E_e = 53.80 \cdot \text{keV} \quad I_L$$