

(21.1) In a BWR the minimum and maximum heat fluxes at the fuel rod surface are 0.46 and 1.08 MW m⁻² at a coolant temperature of 283°C. The rods have an outer diameter of 12.7 mm with a cladding of 0.8 mm thick Zircaloy-4; assume a negligible fuel cladding gap and neglect the temperature drop between coolant and cladding and across the fuel-cladding gap. Assume that data in Table 21.1 are valid at all temperatures and $k_{UO_2} = 4 \text{ W/m}^\circ\text{C}$. What are the highest and lowest fuel-center temperatures?

$$k_{UO_2} := 4 \cdot \text{watt} \cdot \text{m}^{-1} \cdot \text{K}^{-1} \quad T_{coolant} := (273 + 283) \cdot \text{K} \quad \Delta T_0 := 0 \cdot \text{K} \quad l_1 := 1 \cdot \text{m}$$

$$k_c := 16 \cdot \text{watt} \cdot \text{m}^{-1} \cdot \text{K}^{-1} \quad d_{outer} := 12.7 \cdot \text{mm} \quad r_c := \frac{d_{outer}}{2} \quad t_{can} := 0.8 \cdot \text{mm}$$

$$r_i := r_c - t_{can} \quad r_f := r_i \quad Area := \pi \cdot d_{outer} \cdot l_1 \quad p_{surf} := 0.46 \cdot 10^6 \cdot \text{watt} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$$

$$V_{fuel} := \pi \cdot r_f^2 \cdot l_1 \quad p_f := p_{surf} \frac{Area}{V_{fuel}} \quad p_f = 1.897 \cdot 10^8 \cdot \text{watt} \cdot \text{m}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta T_{can} := p_f r_f^2 \cdot \frac{r_c - r_i}{2 \cdot r_i k_c} \quad \Delta T_{can} = 26.315 \cdot \text{K}$$

$$\Delta T_{gap} := 0 \cdot \text{K}$$

$$T_{rf} := T_{coolant} + \Delta T_0 + \Delta T_{can} + \Delta T_{gap}$$

$$T_{center} := T_{rf} + \frac{p_f r_f^2}{4 \cdot k_{UO_2}} \quad T_{center} = 947.44 \cdot \text{K}$$

$$T_{cC} := \frac{T_{center}}{1 \cdot \text{K}} - 273 \quad \text{Lowest:} \quad T_{cC} = 674 \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$p_{surf} := 1.08 \cdot 10^6 \cdot \text{watt} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$$

$$V_{fuel} := \pi \cdot r_f^2 \cdot l_1 \quad p_f := p_{surf} \frac{Area}{V_{fuel}} \quad p_f = 4.453 \cdot 10^8 \cdot \text{watt} \cdot \text{m}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta T_{can} := p_f r_f^2 \cdot \frac{r_c - r_i}{2 \cdot r_i k_c} \quad \Delta T_{can} = 61.784 \cdot \text{K}$$

$$\Delta T_{gap} := 0 \cdot \text{K}$$

$$T_{rf} := T_{coolant} + \Delta T_0 + \Delta T_{can} + \Delta T_{gap}$$

$$T_{center} := T_{rf} + \frac{p_f r_f^2}{4 \cdot k_{UO_2}} \quad T_{center} = 1.475 \cdot 10^3 \cdot \text{K}$$

$$T_{centerC} := \frac{T_{center}}{1 \cdot \text{K}} - 273 \quad \text{convert to } ^\circ\text{C} \quad \text{Highest:} \quad T_{centerC} = 1202 \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$