

(20.2) The amount of steam found in example 20.1 is released into an air-filled large dry containment where the pressure may not exceed 0.7 MPa. Assume steam and air in the containment can be treated as ideal gases. Estimate the necessary containment volume.

$$T_0 := (25 + 273) \cdot K \quad p_0 := 0.097 \cdot 10^6 \cdot Pa \quad M_{H2O} := 18 \cdot gm \cdot mole^{-1}$$

Base calculation on  $p_0 \cdot V = n_0 \cdot R \cdot T_0$  and  $p_1 \cdot V = (n_0 + n_1) \cdot R \cdot T_1$ , assume  $T_1 = (n_0 \cdot T_0 + n_1 \cdot T_2) / (n_0 + n_1)$ , where  $T_2$  is the initial steam temperature.

$$R_{gas} := 8.31451 \cdot joule \cdot mole^{-1} \cdot K^{-1} \quad T_2 := (287 + 273) \cdot K \quad p_1 := 0.7 \cdot 10^6 \cdot Pa$$

$$m_{H2O} := 34 \cdot 10^3 \cdot kg \quad n_1 := \frac{m_{H2O}}{M_{H2O}}$$

Guess values:

$$V := 1000 \cdot m^3 \quad n_1 = 1.889 \cdot 10^6$$

$$n_0 := \frac{p_0 \cdot V}{R_{gas} \cdot T_0} \quad n_0 = 3.915 \cdot 10^4$$

Given

$$\frac{n_0 \cdot R_{gas} \cdot T_0}{p_0} - \frac{(n_0 + n_1) \cdot R_{gas} \cdot (n_0 \cdot T_0 + n_1 \cdot T_2)}{p_1 \cdot (n_0 + n_1)} = 0 \cdot m^3 \quad \text{Search for a root to this eqn}$$

$n := Find(n_0)$  Locate  $n$ , i.e. the value of  $n_0$  that satisfies the equation above

$$n = 5.71 \cdot 10^5 \quad V_{cont} := \frac{n \cdot R_{gas} \cdot T_0}{p_0} \quad V_{cont} = 1.459 \cdot 10^4 \cdot m^3$$